

# **Geometric Phase & Nonlinear Photonic Metasurface**

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# Outline

## Introduction to Metasurface

### I. Geometric Berry Phase and Metasurface

Spin and Orbital Angular Momentum

Metasurface Holography

### II. Nonlinear Photonic Metasurfaces

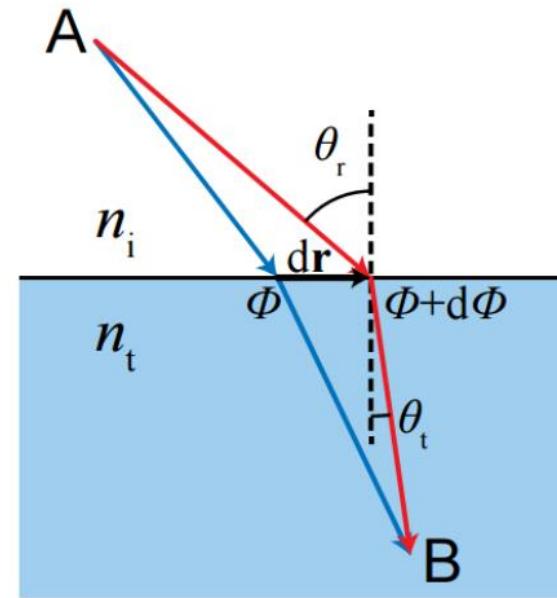
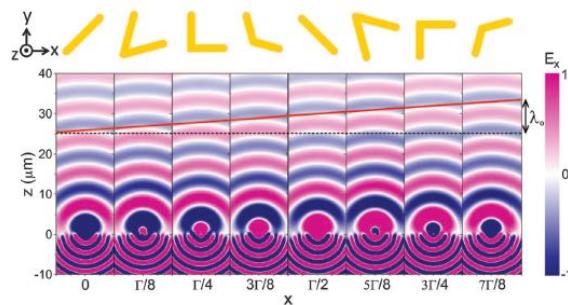
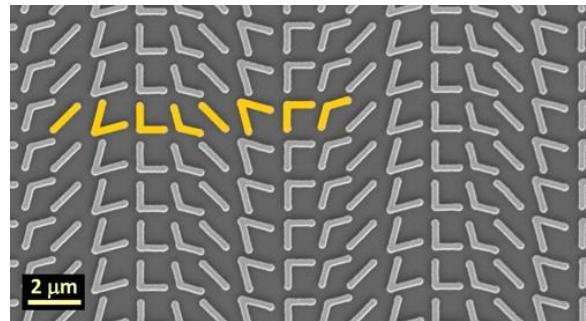
Nonlinear Geometric Berry Phase

Nonlinear Spin-Orbit Interaction

### III. Nonlinear Rotational Doppler Effect

# 1. Flat Optics with Metasurface

Momentum is Conserved!

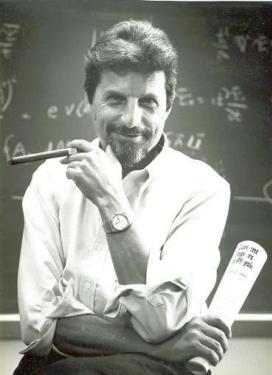


$$\text{Generalized Snell's Law: } n_t \sin \theta_t - n_i \sin \theta_i = \frac{\lambda_0}{2\pi} \frac{d\Phi}{dx}$$

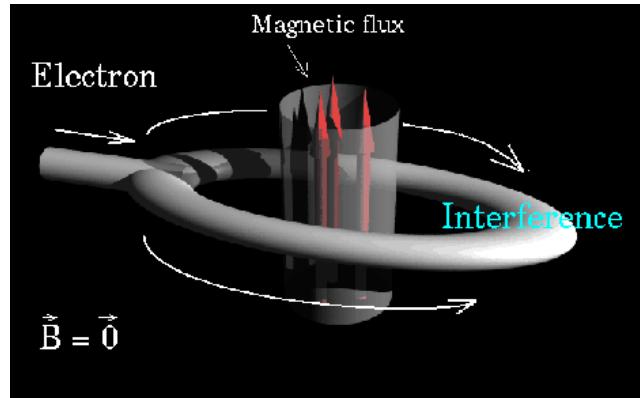
N. Yu, P. Genevet, M. A. Kats, F. Aieta, J. P. Tetienne, F. Capasso, and Z. Gaburro, **Science 334**, 333-337 (2011).

# Aharonov-Bohm Effect and Berry Phase

In 1959, Aharonov and David Bohm proposed the thought experiment.



**Yakir Aharonov**



$$\Delta\phi = \frac{q}{\hbar} \oint B ds = \frac{q}{\hbar} \oint A dl$$

Y. Aharonov and D. Bohm, Significance of Electromagnetic Potentials in the Quantum Theory. **Phys. Rev.** 115, 485 (1959).

**A exists even B is zero.**



**Sir Michael Berry**

$$\Delta\phi = \oint_s \Omega(R) ds$$

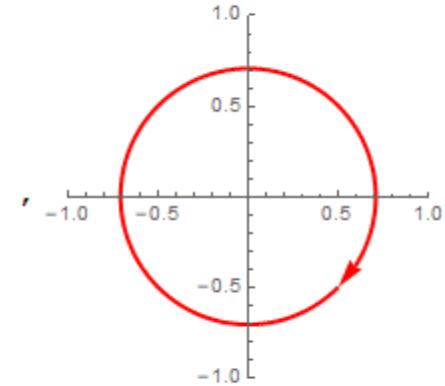
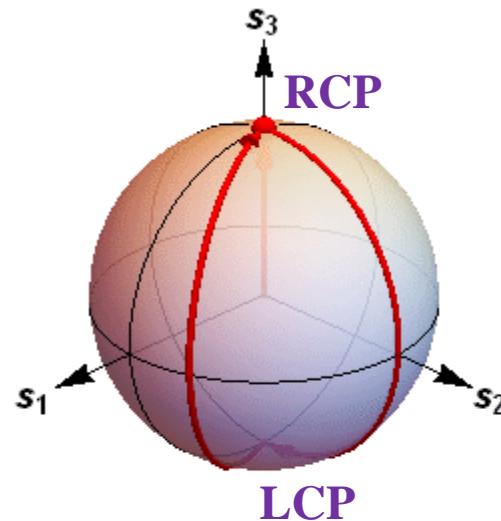
$\Omega(R)$  is Berry Curvature and R is any parameter in a Hilbert space.

M.V. Berry, Quantal phase factors accompanying adiabatic changes.  
**Proc. R. Soc. Lond. A** 392, 45-57(1984).

# Geometric P-B Phase and Poincare Sphere



Henri Poincaré



‘A-B’ Effect on Pincare Sphere

Berry connection

$$\mathbf{A}(\theta, \varphi) = -\frac{(\ell + \sigma) \cos \theta}{2r \sin \theta} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_\varphi$$

Berry curvature

$$\mathbf{V}(\mathbf{R}) = \nabla_{\mathbf{R}} \times \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{R})$$

Pancharatnam-Berry Phase

$$\phi_{Berry} = \frac{\Omega}{2}$$

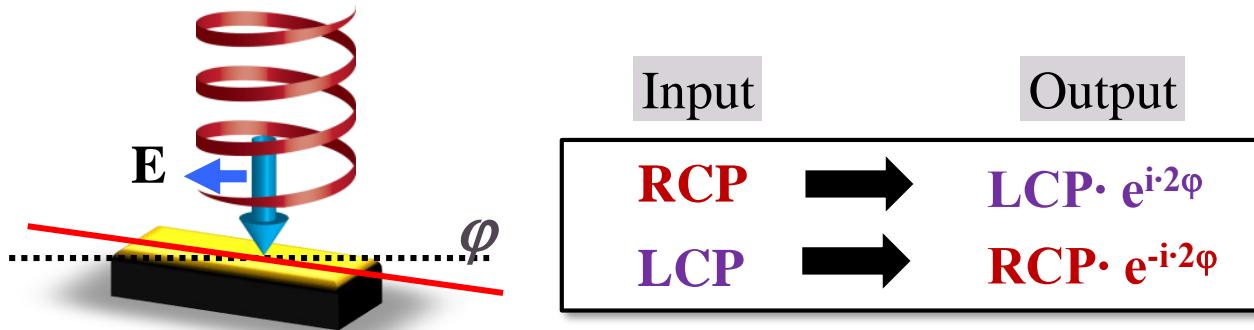
## Acknowledgment

I thank Professor S. Ramaseshan and Professor R. Nityananda for telling me about Pancharatnam’s work.

S. Pancharatnam, *Proc. Ind. Acad. Sci.* 44, 247 (1956). M.V. Berry, *J. Mod. Opt.* 34, 1401-1407 (1987).

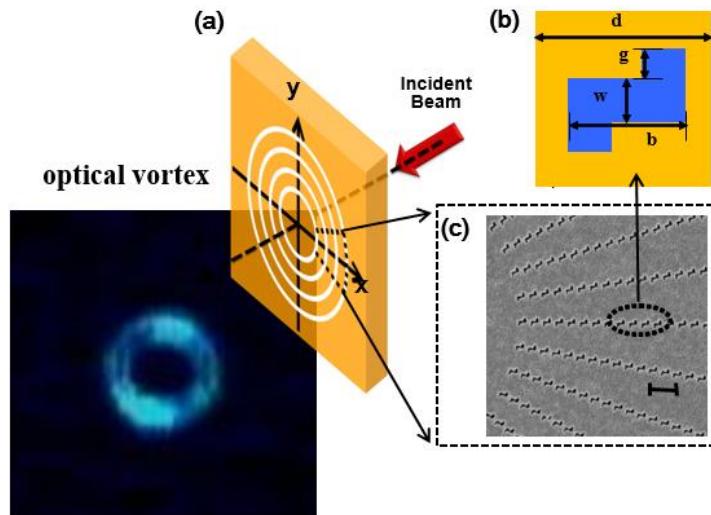
# Geometric Phase and Metasurfaces

## Meta-atom with Geometric Berry Phase



$$\phi_{Berry} = \frac{\Omega}{2} = \pm 2\phi$$

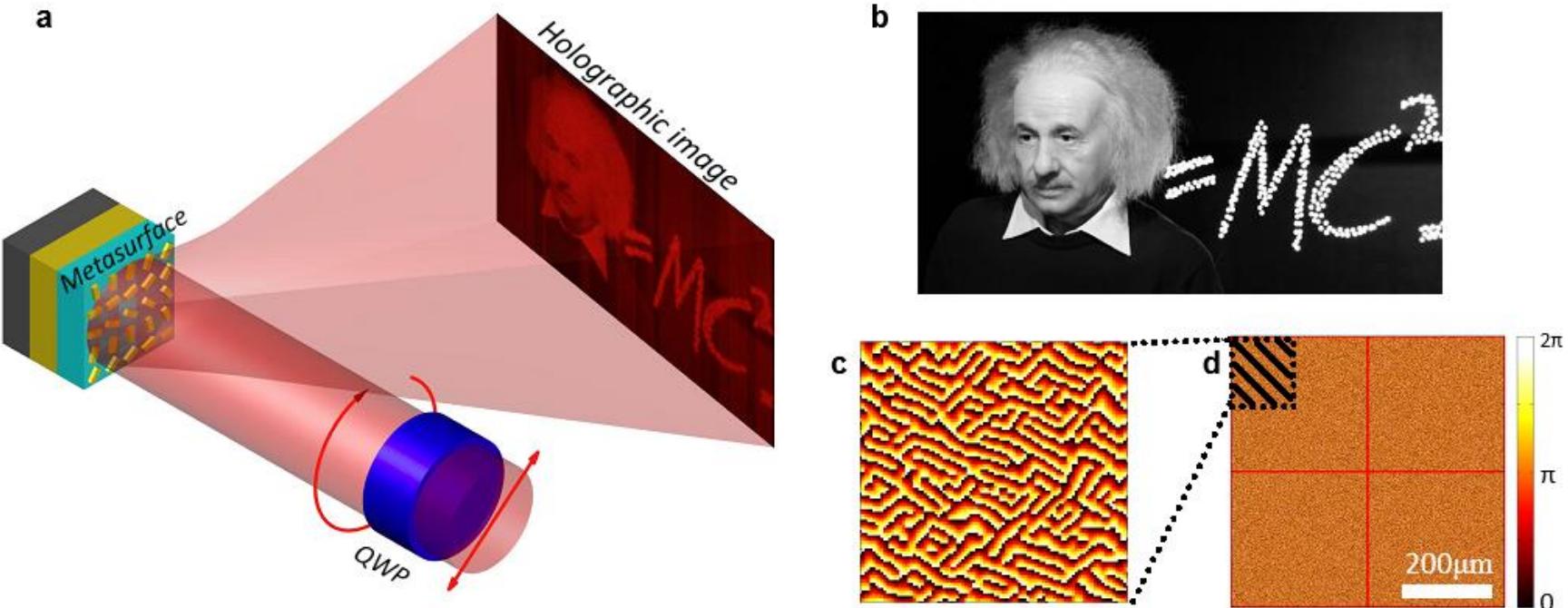
X. Chen, et. al. Dual polarity plasmonic lens. **Nature Communications** 3:1198 (2012).



G. X. Li, et al. Spin-enabled plasmonic metasurfaces for manipulating orbital angular momentum of light. **Nano Lett.** 13, 4148-4151 (2013).

J. H. Poynting, **Proc. R. Soc. Lond. A** 82, 560-567 (1909). L. Allen et al., **Phys. Rev. A** 45, 8185-8189 (1992).

# High Efficiency Metasurface Holography

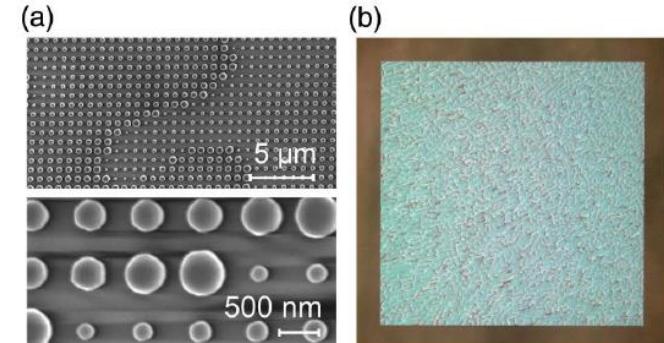
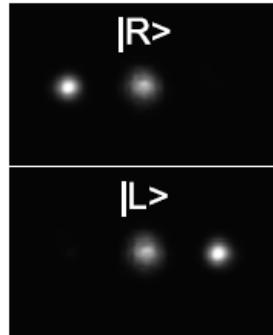
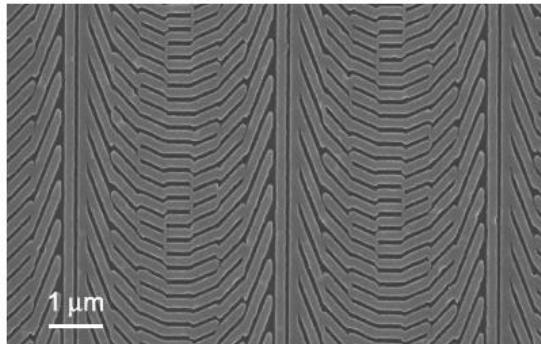


**Working principle and phase distribution of the metasurface hologram.**

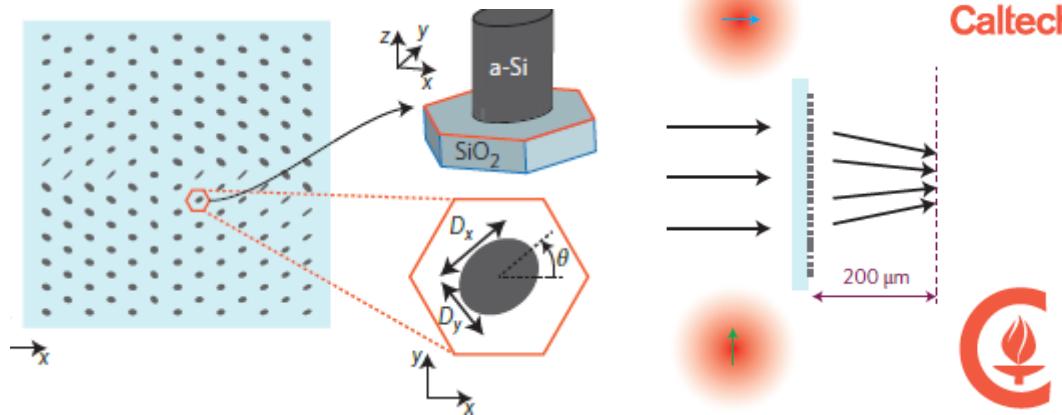
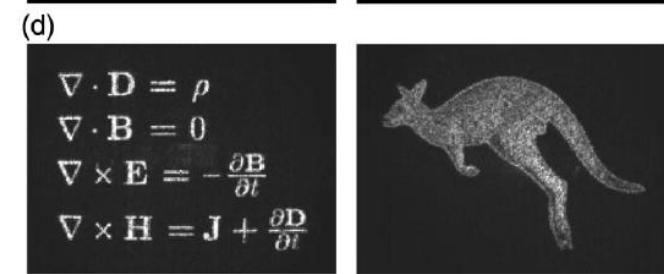
G. Zheng, H. Mühlenbernd, M. Kenney, G. Li, T. Zentgraf, and S. Zhang, “Metasurface holograms reaching 80% efficiency”, **Nature Nanotech.** 10, 308-312 (2015).

# Dielectric Metasurface Holography

**Materials:** silicon; **efficiency:** up to  $\sim 90\%$ ; **Wavelength:**  $0.95$  and  $1.6\mu\text{m}$



$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} &= \rho \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} &= 0 \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{E} &= -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{H} &= \mathbf{J} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t}\end{aligned}$$



A. Arbabi, et al., **Nature Nanotech.** 10, 937 (2015).

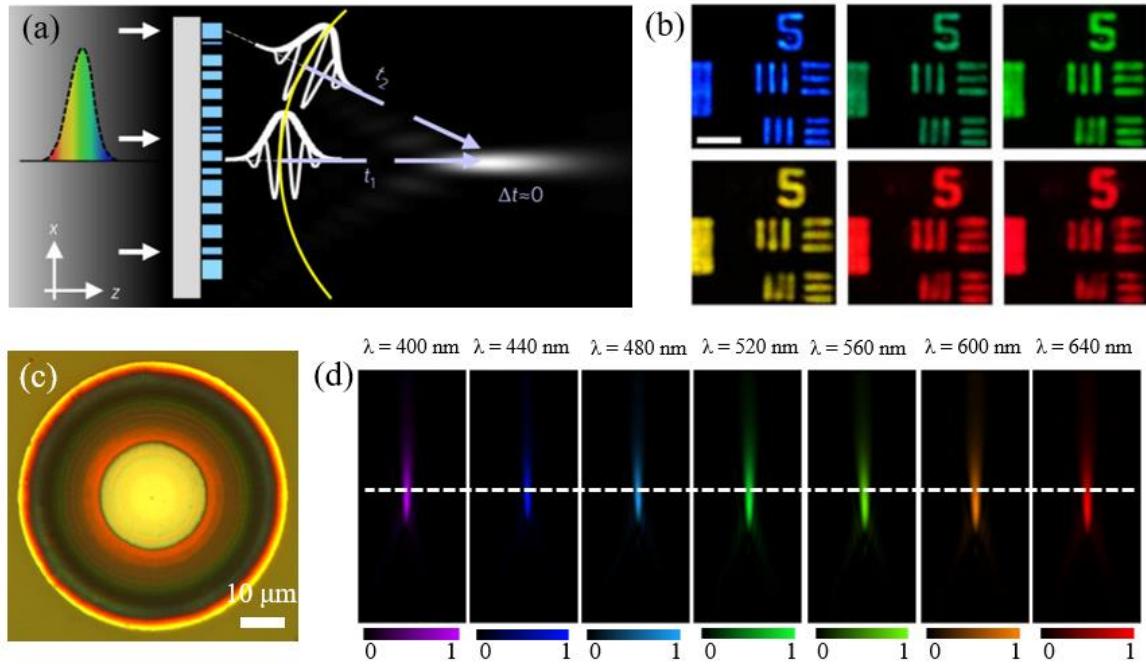
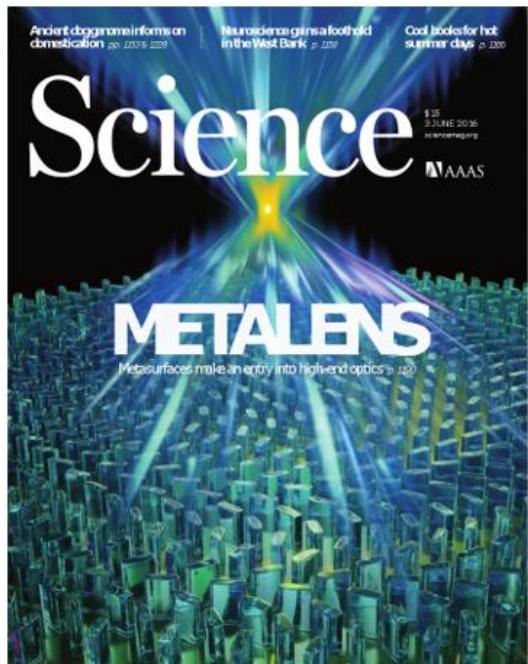
Introduction

Topic-I

Conclusions

L. Wang et al. **Optica** 3:1504 (2016)

# Meta-Lens



Geometric P-B Phase + Resonant Phase

M. Khorasaninejad et. al. **Science** 352, 1190-1194 (2016).

S. M. Wang, et al., **Nature Communications**. 8: 187 (2017).

W. T. Chen, et al. **Nature Nanotechnology** doi:10.1038/s41565-017-0034-6 (2018).

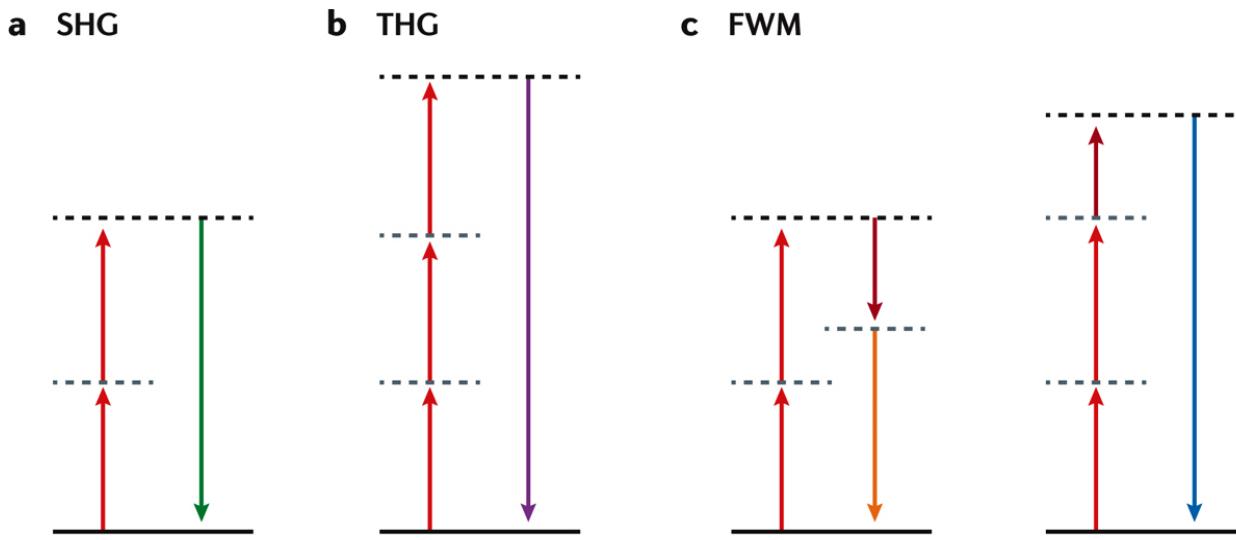
S. M. Wang, et al. **Nature Nanotechnology** doi:10.1038/s41565-017-0052-4 (2018).

Introduction

Topic-I

Conclusions

## 2. Nonlinear Photonic Metasurface



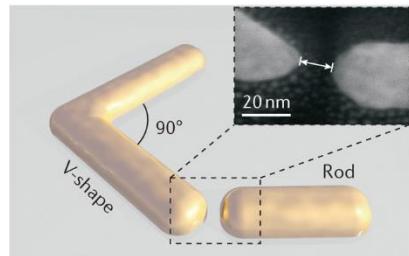
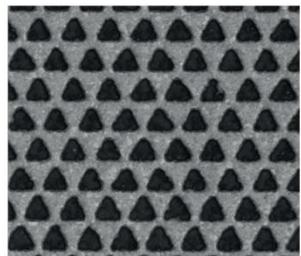
Nature Reviews | Materials

**Schematic diagrams of nonlinear optical processes.** The solid and dashed lines represent the electronic and virtual levels, respectively. (a) SHG; (b) THG; (c) and (d) nondegenerate FWM.

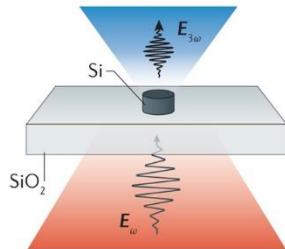
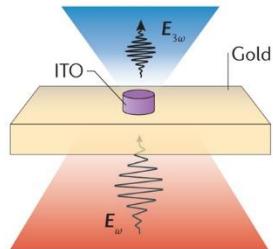
- Kauranen, M. & Zayats, A. V. Nonlinear plasmonics. *Nat. Photonics* **6**, 737–748 (2012).
- Lapine, M., Shadrivov, I. V. & Kivshar, Y. S. Colloquium: nonlinear metamaterials. *Rev. Mod. Phys.* **86**, 1093–1123 (2014).
- Li, G., Zhang, S. & Zentgraf, T. Nonlinear photonic metasurfaces. *Nat. Rev. Mater.* **2**, 17010 (2017).

# Nonlinear Photonic Metasurfaces

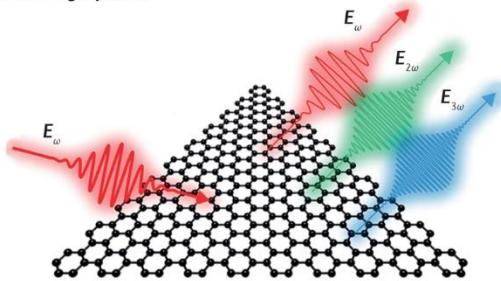
a Metasurfaces for SHG



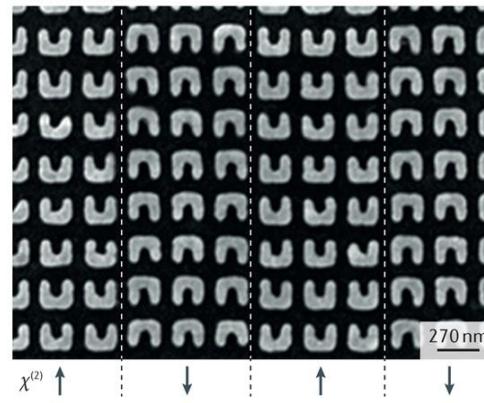
b Metasurfaces for THG



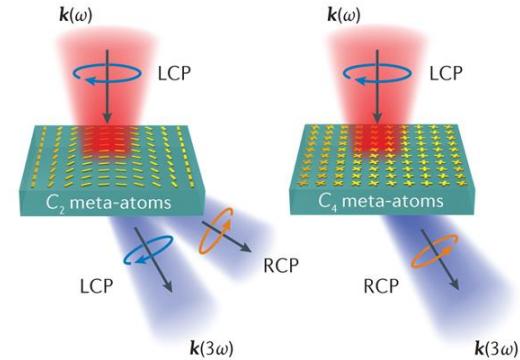
c SHG and THG in graphene



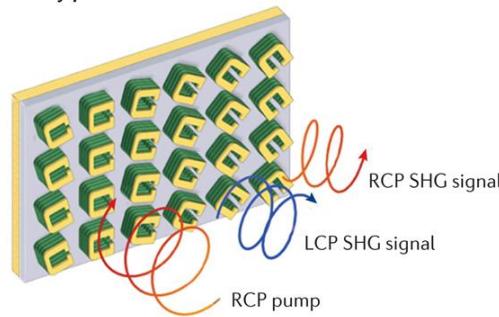
a Metasurface introducing a phase shift of  $\pi$  for SHG radiation



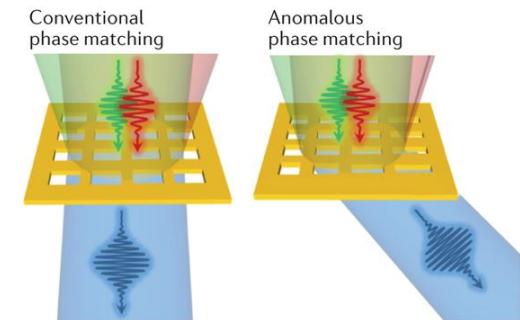
b Continuous phase control using the Berry phase



c Metal/quantum-well hybrid metasurface imparting a Berry phase for SHG



d Metasurface used to control the phase in FWM processes



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Li, G. et al. (2017) Nonlinear photonic metasurfaces. *Nat. Rev. Mater.*  
doi:10.1038/natrevmats.2017.10

Introduction

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Conclusions

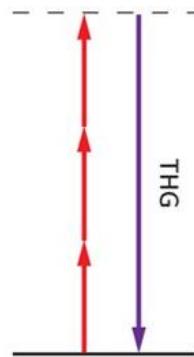
# 2.1 Symmetry & Harmonic Generations

$$n = ql \pm 1$$

'+' and '-' correspond to the harmonic generations with *same* or *opposite* handedness

$q(q>2)$  is the symmetry number,  $l$  is an integer    N. Bloembergen et.al., *Phys. Rev. B*, **4**, 3437(1971).

**THG n=3**



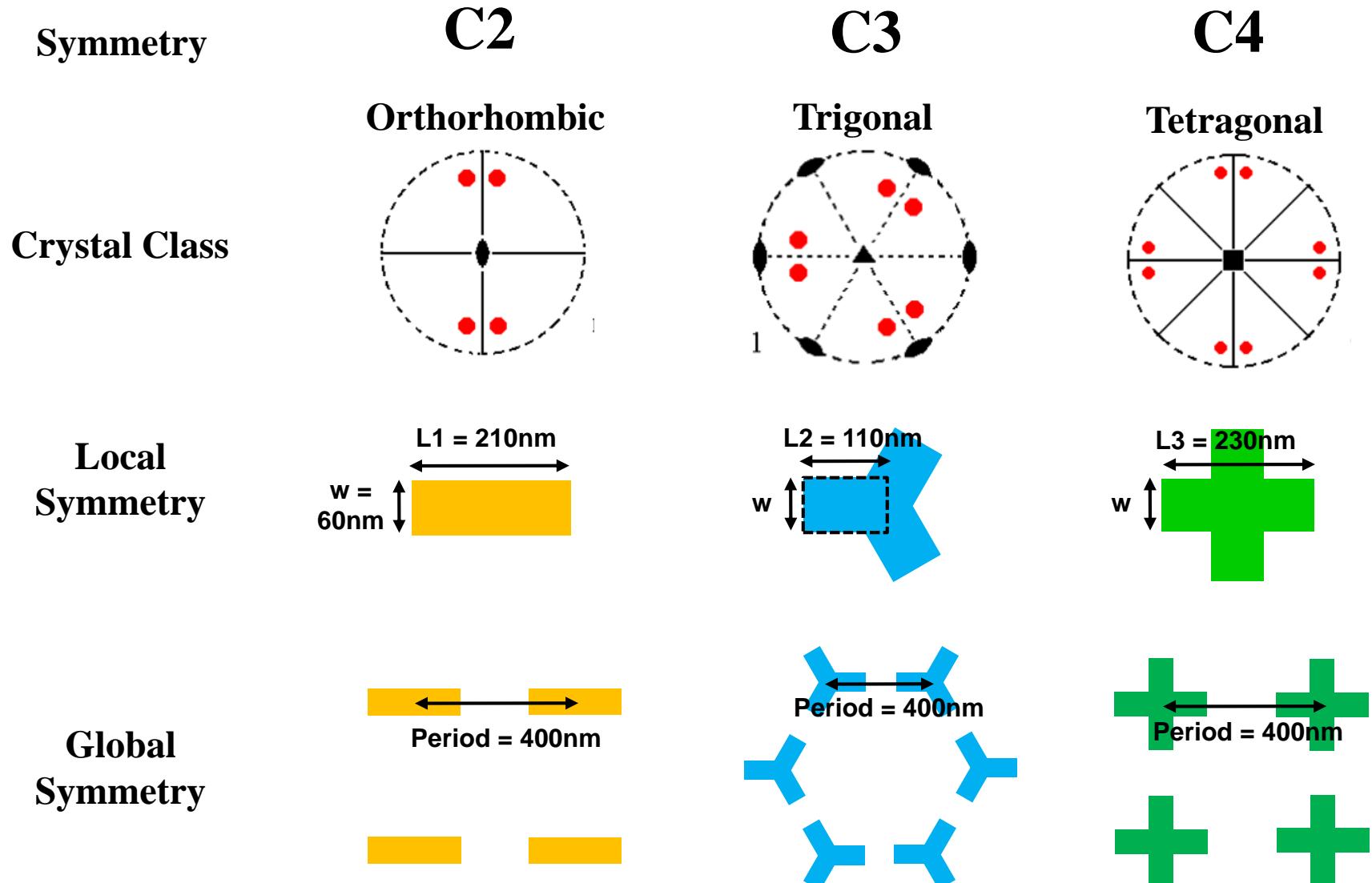
Symmetry Class	Isotropic	C2	C3	C4
q	1	2	3	4
RCP excitation	x	LCP/RCP	x	LCP

Nonlinear Optical Crystal  
(Atom Scale)

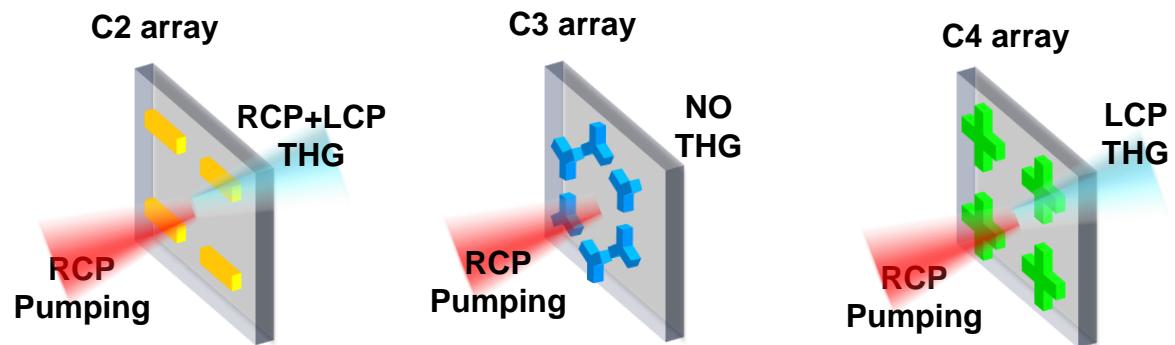
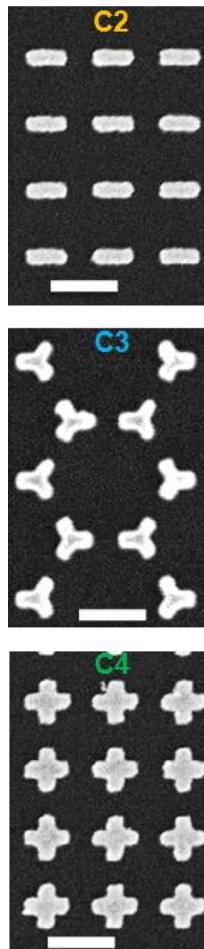
*Selection rules*

Metacrystal  
(Sub-wavelength Scale)

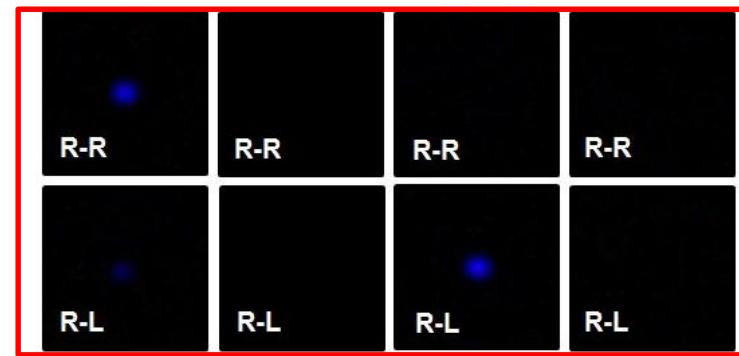
# Design of Meta-Crystal



# Spin Dependent THG



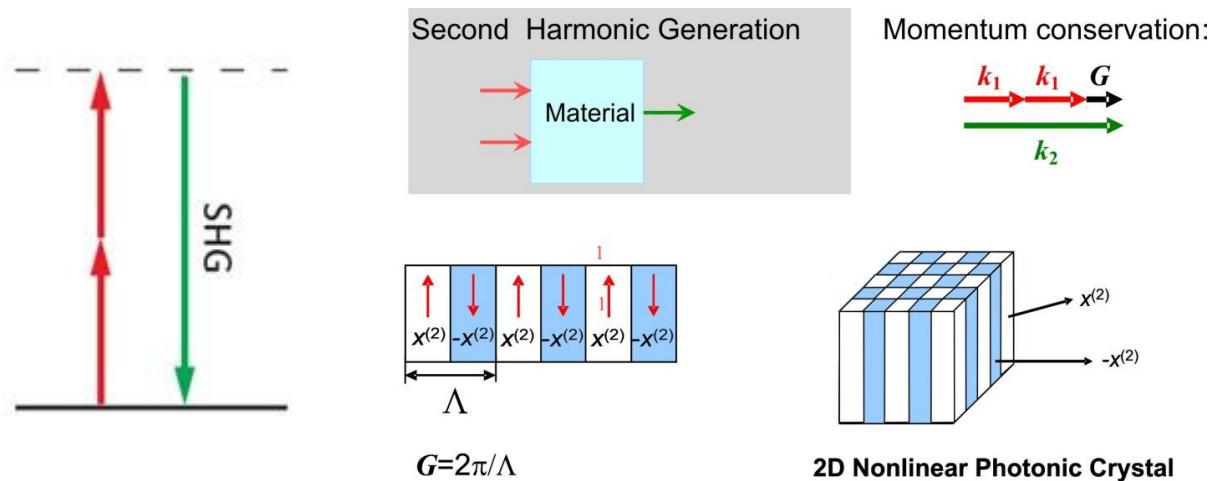
Circularly polarized  
pumping laser



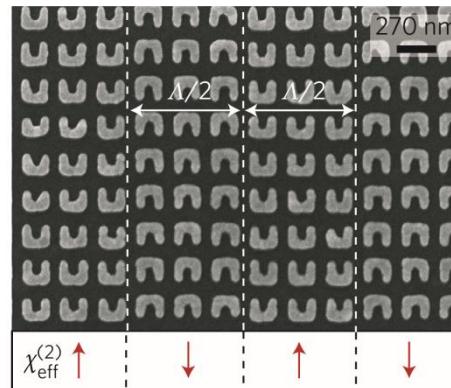
Fundamental Wavelength: 1250 nm

S. M. Chen, G. X. Li, F. Zeuner, W. H. Wong, E. Y. B. Pun, T. Zentgraf, K. W. Cheah, and S. Zhang, "Symmetry selective third harmonic generation from plasmonic metacrystals", *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 113, 033901 (2014).

# The Need of Nonlinear Phase



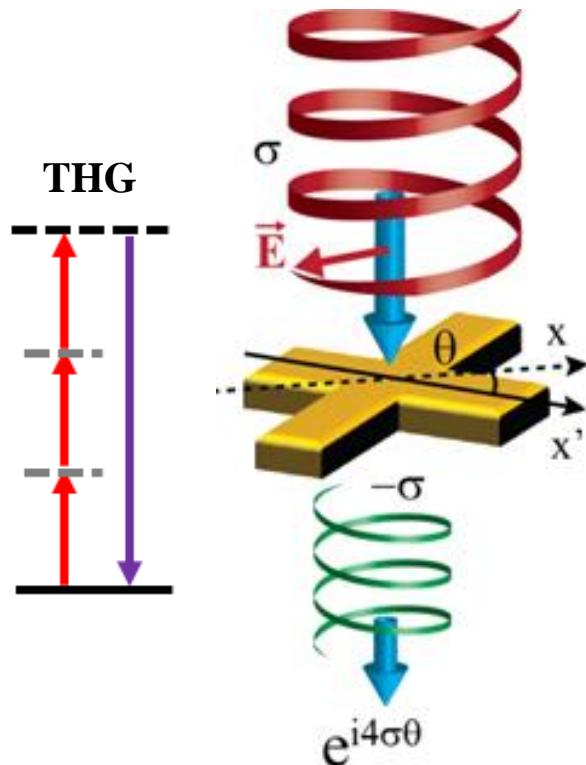
J. A. Armstrong, N. Bloembergen, J. Ducuing & P. S. Pershan, Interactions between light waves in a nonlinear dielectric. *Phys. Rev.* 127, 1918-1939 (1962). Xu, P. & Zhu, S. N. *AIP Advances*, 2, 041401(2012). Zhu, S. N., Zhu, Y. Y. Qin, Y. Q., Wang, H. F., Ge, C. Z. & Ming, N. B. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 78, 2752-2755 (1997).



0 and  $\pi$

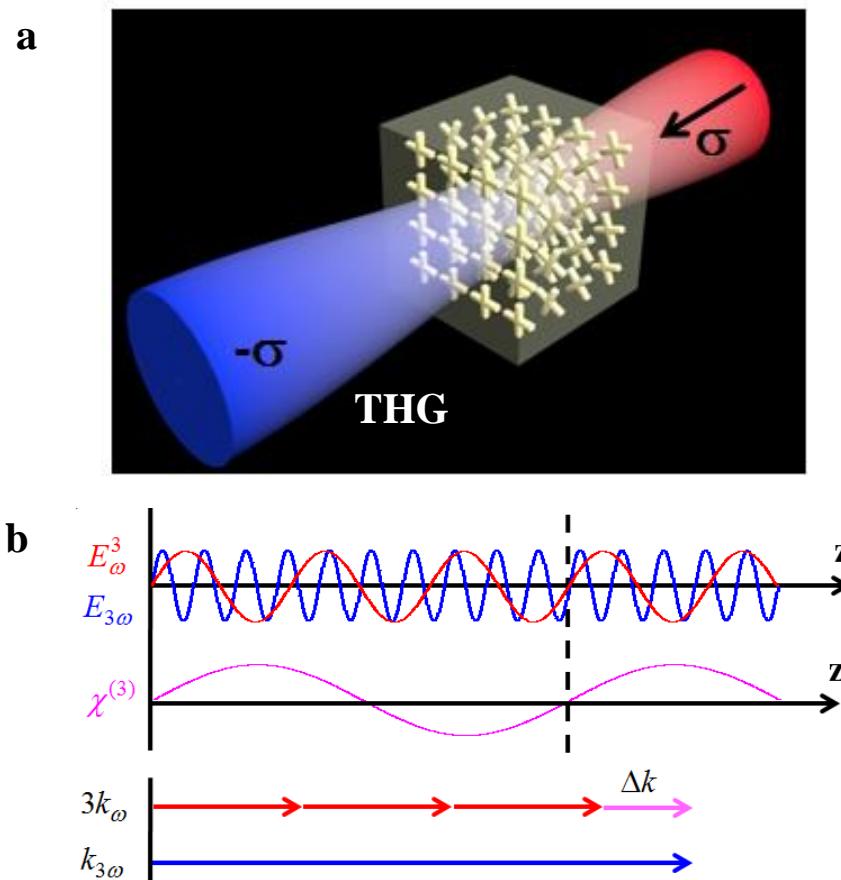
N. Segal, S. Keren-Zur, N. Hendler, T. Ellenbogen, Controlling light with metamaterial-based nonlinear photonic crystals, *Nature Photon.* 9, 180-184 (2015).

## 2.2 Nonlinear Geometric Berry Phase



THG has a phase of  $4\sigma\theta$ .

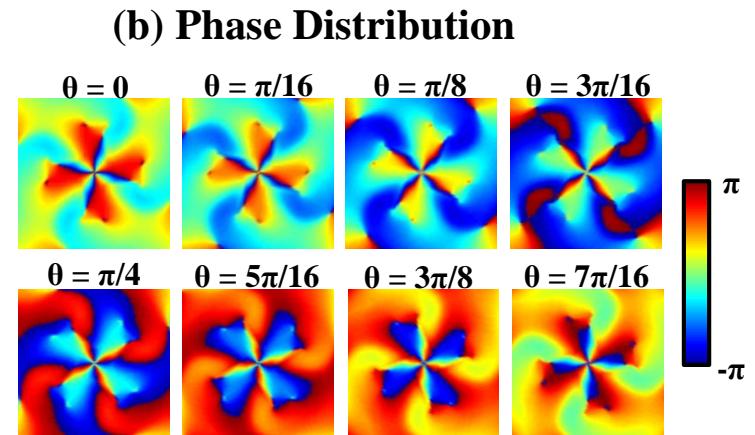
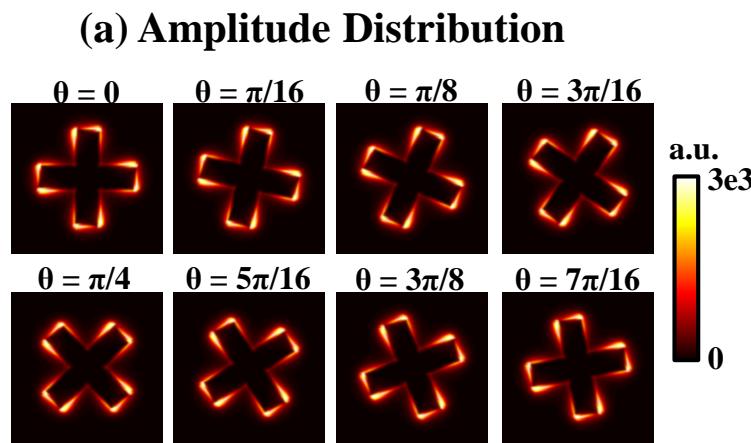
### Continuous-Phase Matching



G. X. Li, et al. Continuous control of nonlinearity phase for harmonic generations. **Nature Materials** 14, 607-612 (2015).

# Confirm the Nonlinear Berry Phase!

Input/Output polarization: RCP-LCP

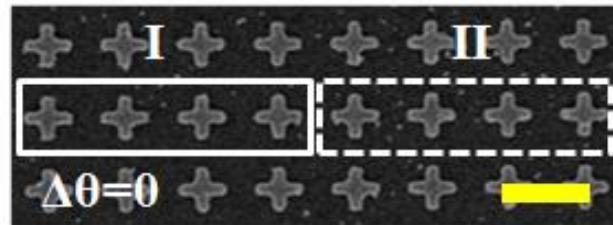


Local contribution of nonlinear polarizations for LCP THG. **a**, The amplitude distribution; **b**, the phase distribution.

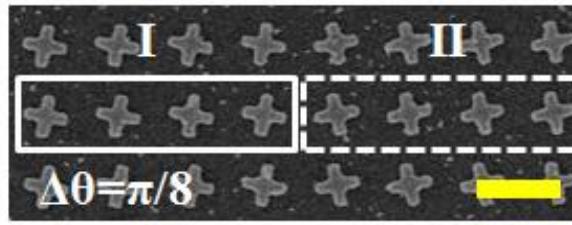
Nonlinear phase has a factor of  $4\theta$ !

# Experimental Verification

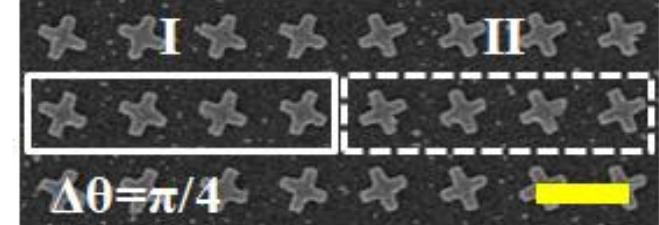
Sample A



Sample B



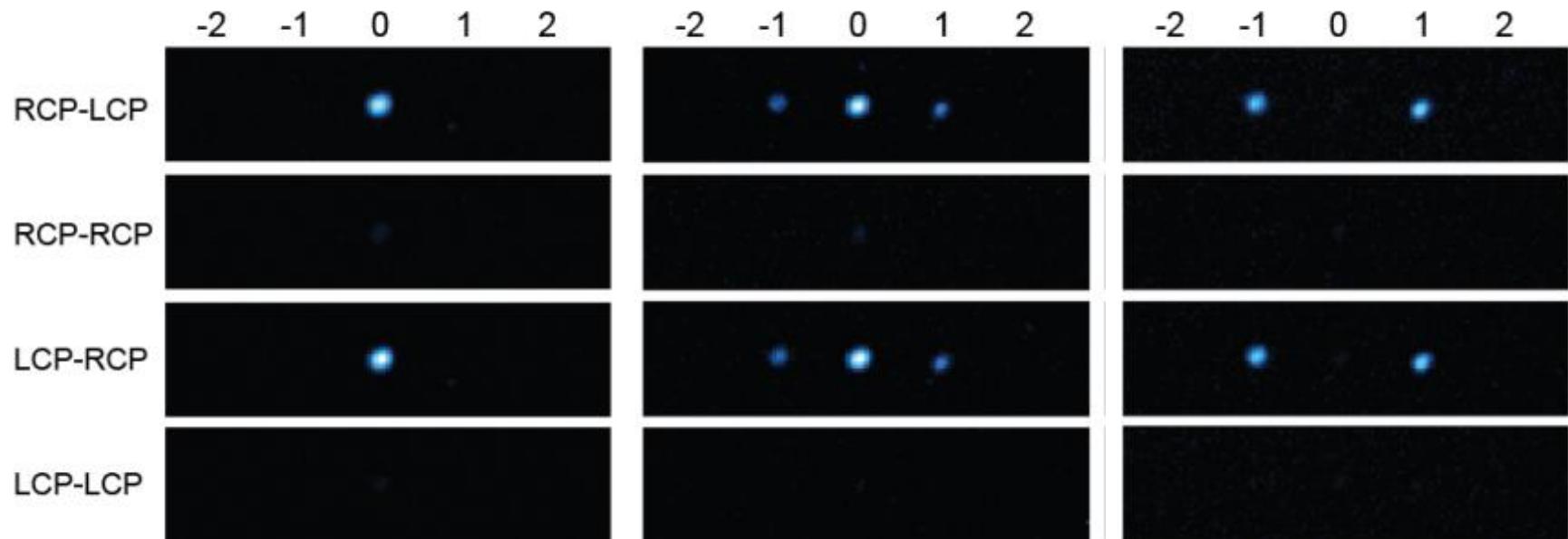
Sample C



Sample A ( $\Delta\theta=0$ )

Sample B ( $\Delta\theta=\pi/8$ )

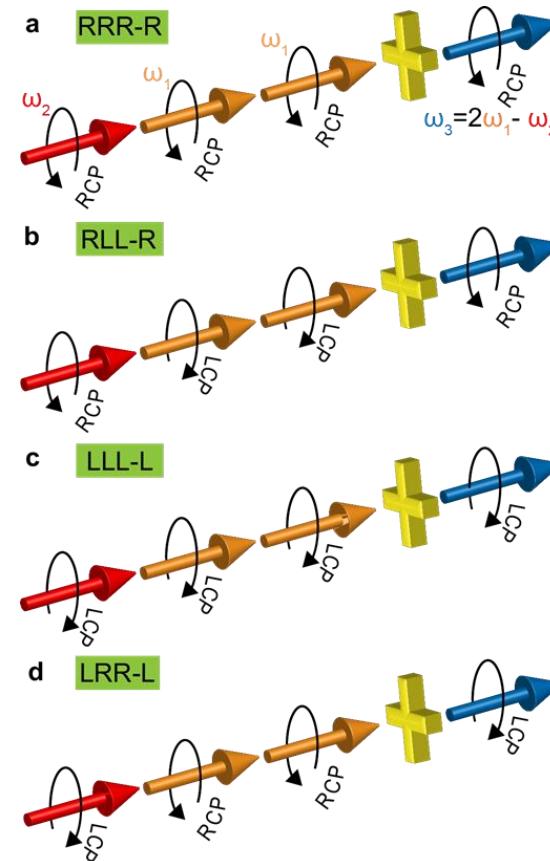
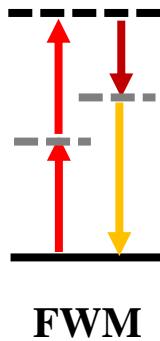
Sample C ( $\Delta\theta=\pi/4$ )



Sample B:  $I_0^{3\omega} : I_{\pm 1}^{3\omega} = 2.8$  (*theory*  $\sim 2.4$ )

## 2.3 Spin Controlled Four Wave Mixing

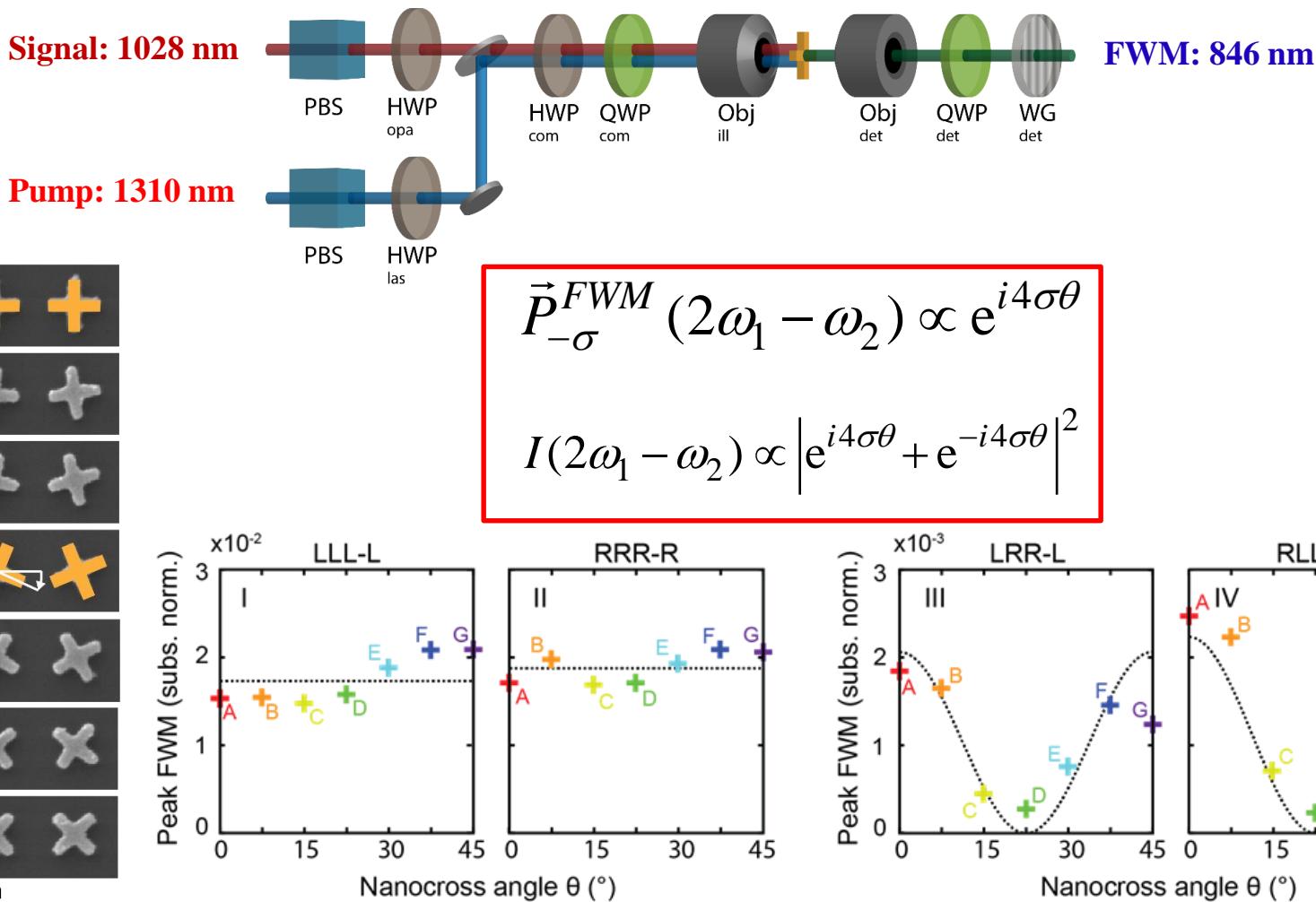
$$\vec{P}^{FWM}(2\omega_1 - \omega_2) = \epsilon_0 \chi^{(3)} \vec{E}_{\omega_1} \vec{E}_{\omega_1} \vec{E}_{\omega_2}^*$$



FWM selection rules from plasmonic meta-atoms with C4 symmetry.

G. X. Li et al. Spin and geometric phase control Four-Wave Mixing from metasurfaces. **Laser Photonics Rev.** DOI: 10.1002/lpor.201800034 (2018).

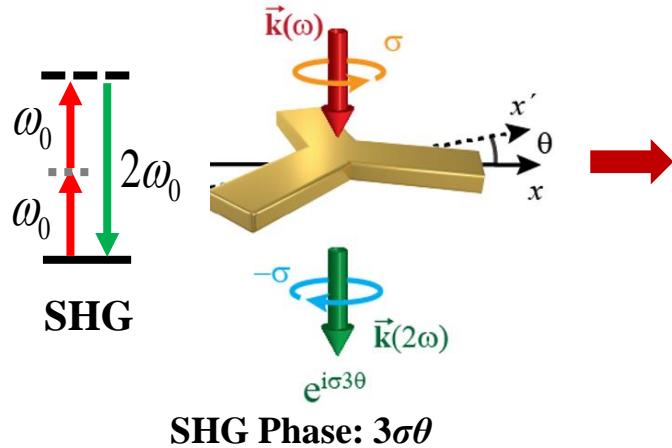
# FWM & Geometric Berry Phase



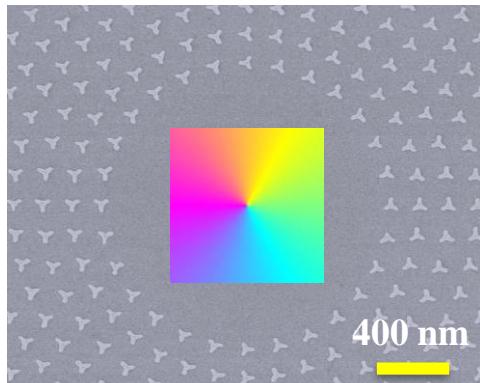
G. X. Li et al. Spin and geometric phase control Four-Wave Mixing from metasurfaces. **Laser Photonics Rev.** DOI: 10.1002/lpor.201800034 (2018).

# 2.4 Nonlinear Spin-Orbit Interaction

## Nonlinear Phase Element

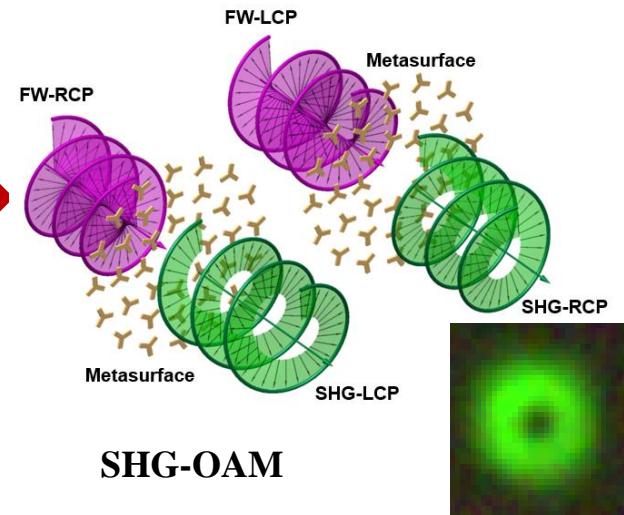


## Rotational Metasurface



Introduce Phase Singularity!  $2\pi^*q$

## Nonlinear Optics



### Pumping Light

SAM	$2\sigma\hbar$
OAM	$2l_{Pump}\hbar$

### SHG

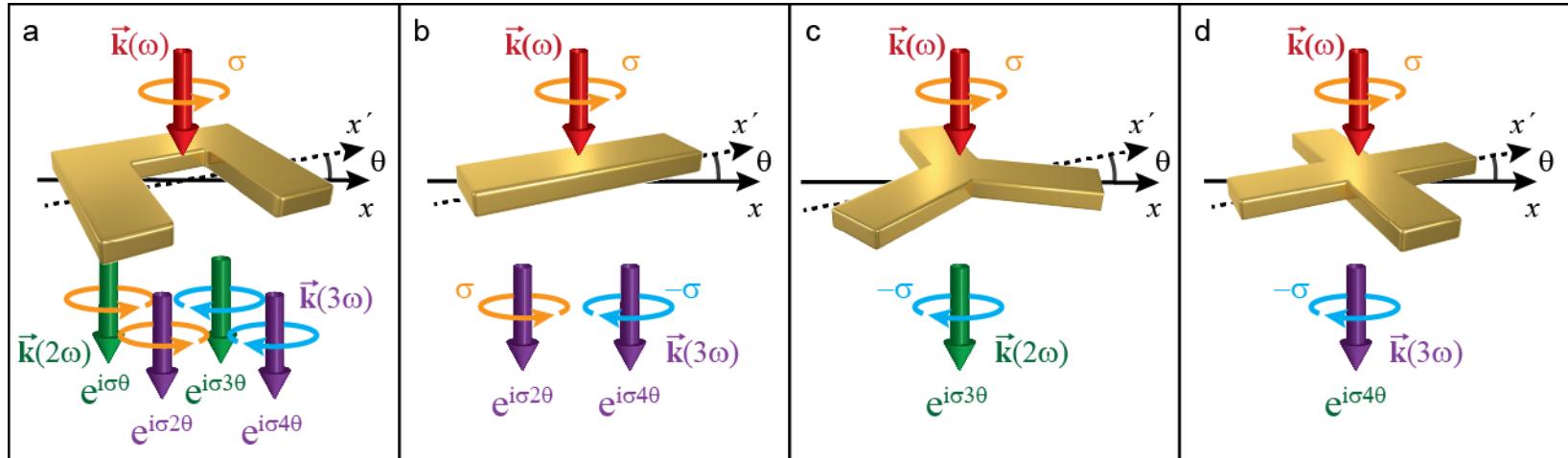
SAM	$-\sigma\hbar$
OAM	$l_{SHG}\hbar?$

$$l_{SHG} = 3\sigma q$$

$$2\sigma\hbar + 2l_{Pump}\hbar = -\sigma\hbar + l_{SHG}\hbar ?$$

Li, G. X., et al. Nonlinear metasurface for simultaneous control of spin and orbital angular momentum in second harmonic generation. **Nano Letters**, 17, 7974-7979 (2017).

# Nonlinear Berry Phase Elements



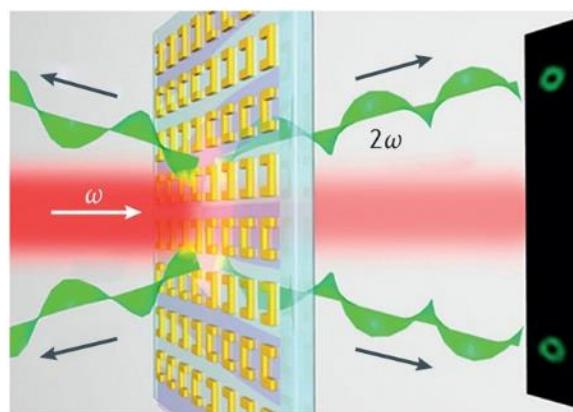
## Nonlinear Meta-atoms for SHG and THG

$(n+1)[\sigma\theta]$  or  $(n-1)[\sigma\theta]$ , n is the order of harmonic generation!

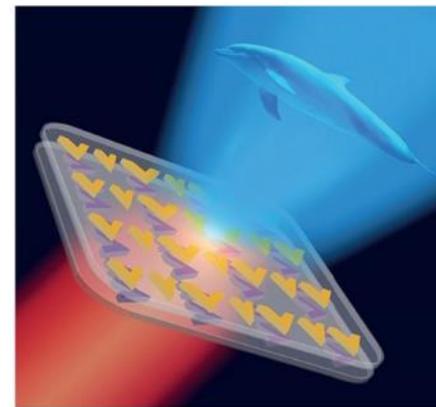
Li, G., Zhang, S. & Zentgraf, T. Nonlinear photonic metasurfaces. *Nat. Rev. Mater.* **2**, 17010 (2017).

# Nonlinear Beam Shaping and Holography

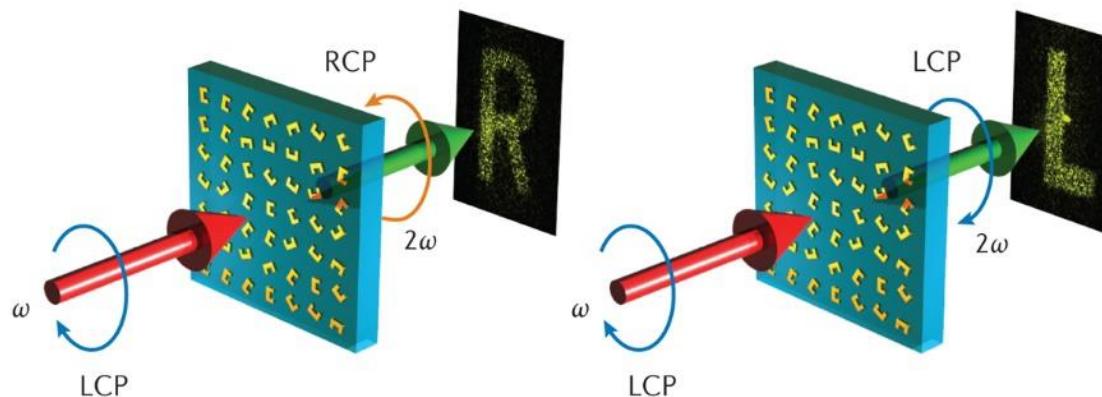
a Diffraction of SHG waves



b THG hologram



c Hologram obtained with circularly polarized light



Nature Reviews | Materials

Li, G., Zhang, S. & Zentgraf, T. Nonlinear photonic metasurfaces. *Nat. Rev. Mater.* **2**, 17010 (2017).

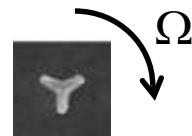
### 3. Rotational Doppler Effect for SHG

Gradient of orientation angle in space --- Momentum deflection



$$k_x = \pm 3 \frac{d\theta}{dx}$$

Gradient of orientation angle in time --- Energy (frequency) shift

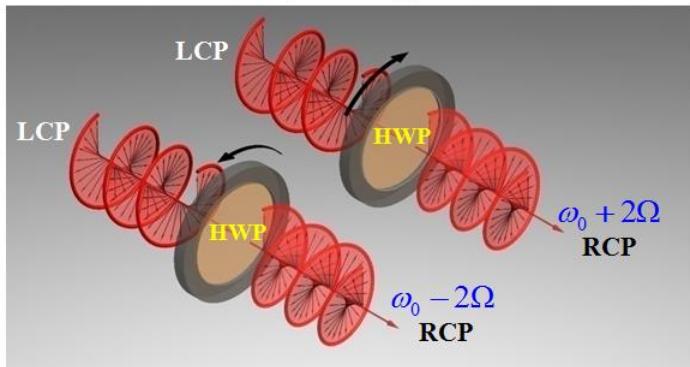


$$\Delta\omega = 3 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \pm 3\Omega$$

# Nonlinear Rotational Doppler Shift

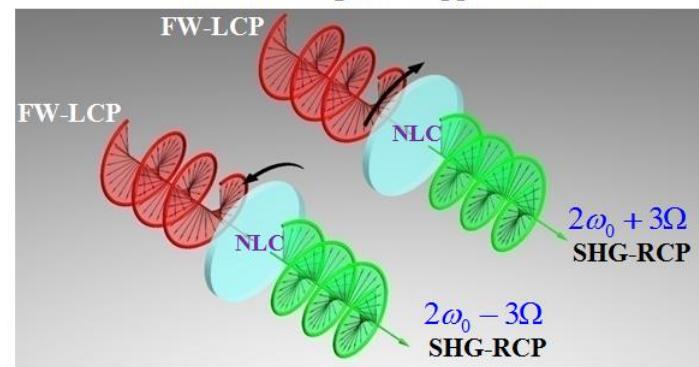
a

Linear Angular Doppler Effect



b

Nonlinear Angular Doppler Effect



Garetz, B. A. Angular Doppler effect.  
*J. Opt. Soc. Am.* **71**, 609–611 (1980).

G. X. Li, T. Zentgraf, and S. Zhang,  
Rotational Doppler Effect in Nonlinear  
Optics. *Nat. Phys.* **12**, 736-740 (2016).

## News and Views:

Etienne Brasselet, “Optical physics: Harmonic angular  
Doppler effect”, *Nat. Photon.* **10**, 362-364 (2016).

# RDE for Harmonic Generations

*I: Momentum inertia of BBO crystal;*

*s: Rotational direction of BBO crystal;*

*$\Omega$ : Rotational frequency of BBO crystal*

*$\sigma$ : Spin direction of light*

*L: Angular Momentum*

*E: Kinetic energy*

*$\hbar\omega_0$  : Energy of pumping light*

*$\hbar\omega_n$  : Energy of harmonic generation*

## 1. Conservation Law of Angular Momentum

$$L = sI\Omega$$

$$n\sigma\hbar + sI\Omega_0 = \pm\sigma\hbar + sI\Omega_n$$

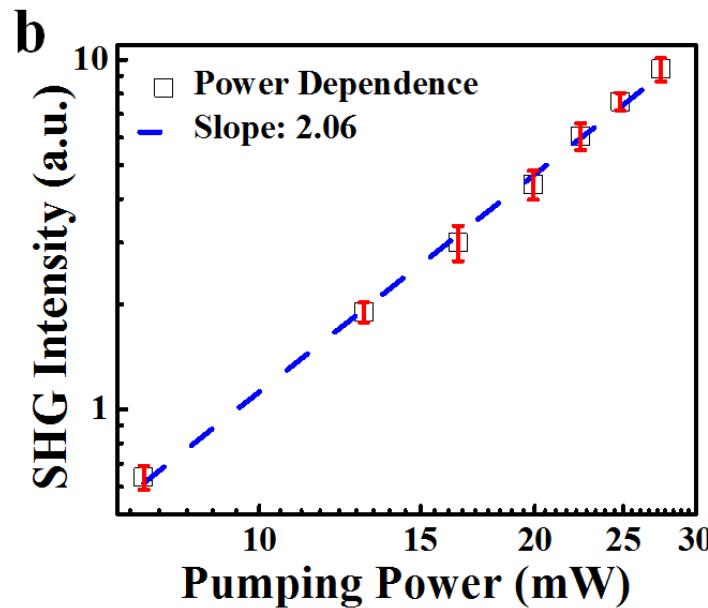
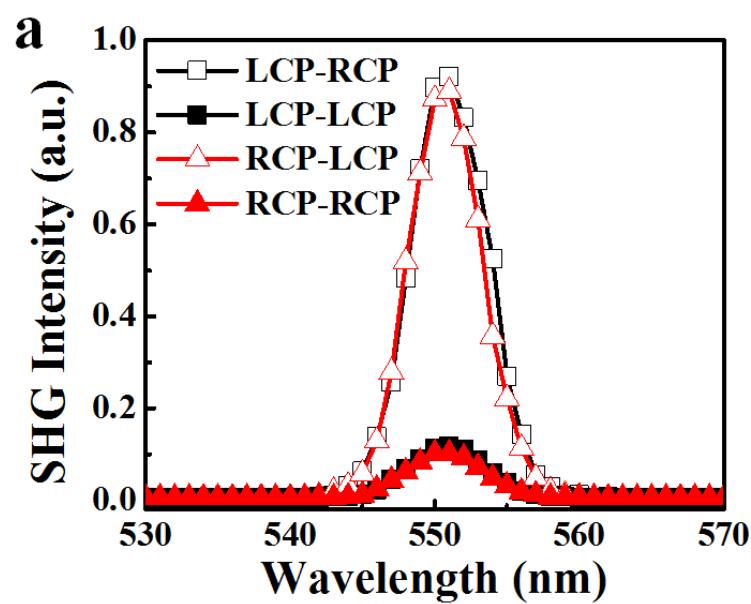
## 2. Conservation Law of Energy

$$E = I\Omega^2 / 2$$

$$n\hbar\omega_0 + I\Omega_0^2 / 2 = \hbar\omega_n + I\Omega_n^2 / 2$$

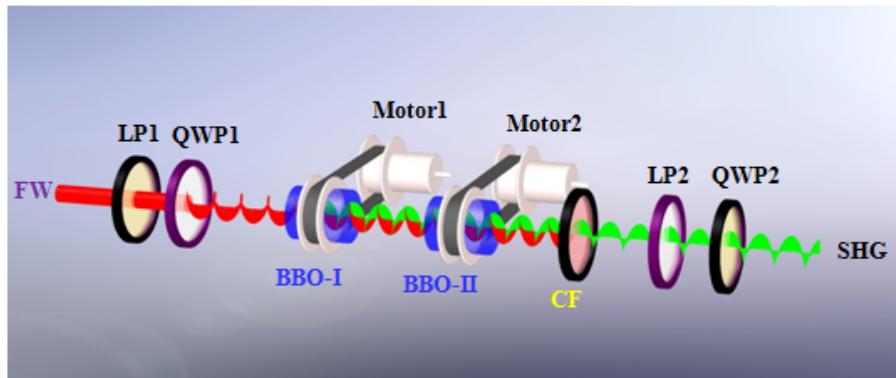
## 3. Rotational Doppler Shift $\Delta\omega_n = \omega_n - n\omega_0 = -(n \mp 1)s\sigma\Omega_0$

# Second Harmonic Generation from $\beta$ -BBO

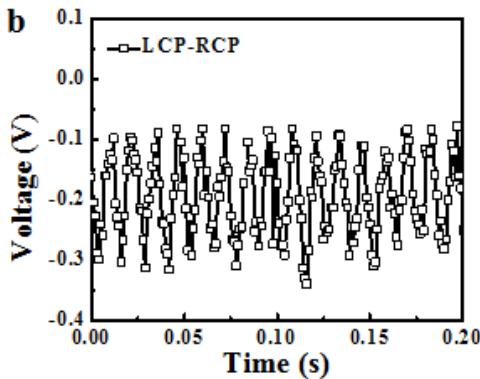


# SHG Rotational Doppler Effect

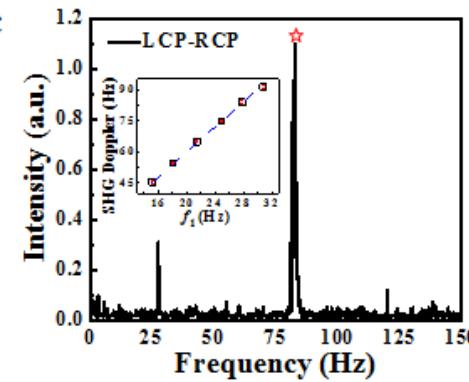
a



b

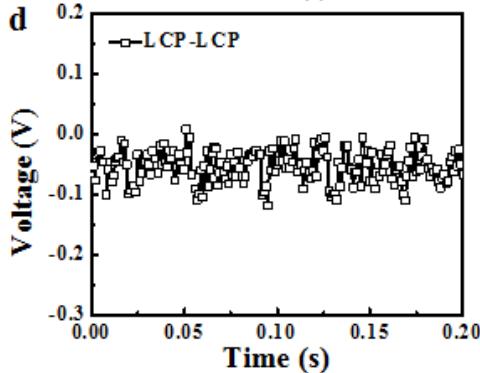


c

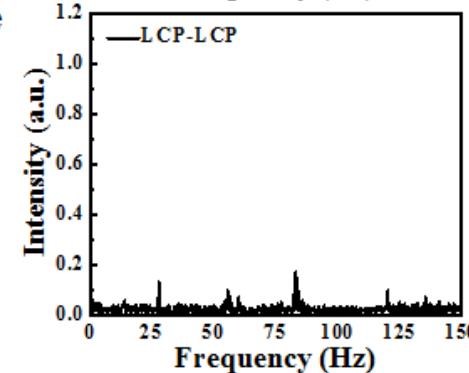


$$|\Delta\omega_{SHG}| = 3\Omega$$

d

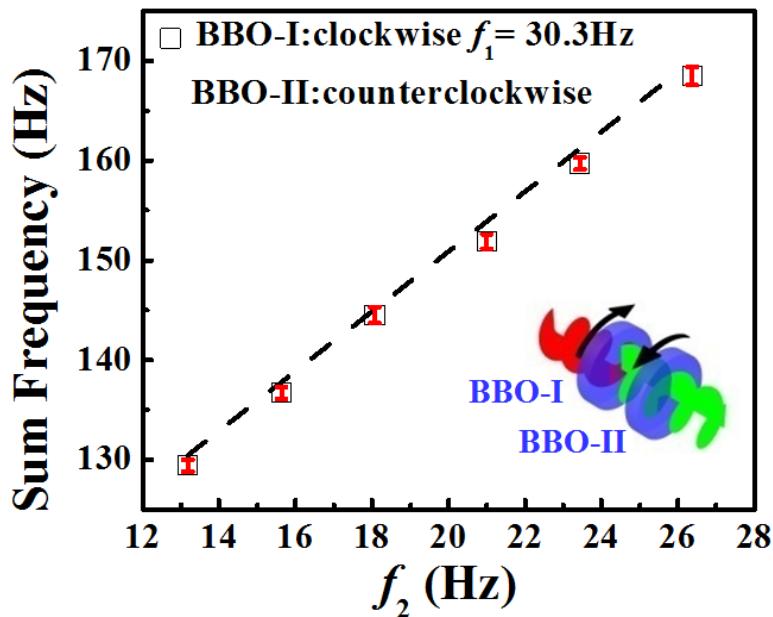


e



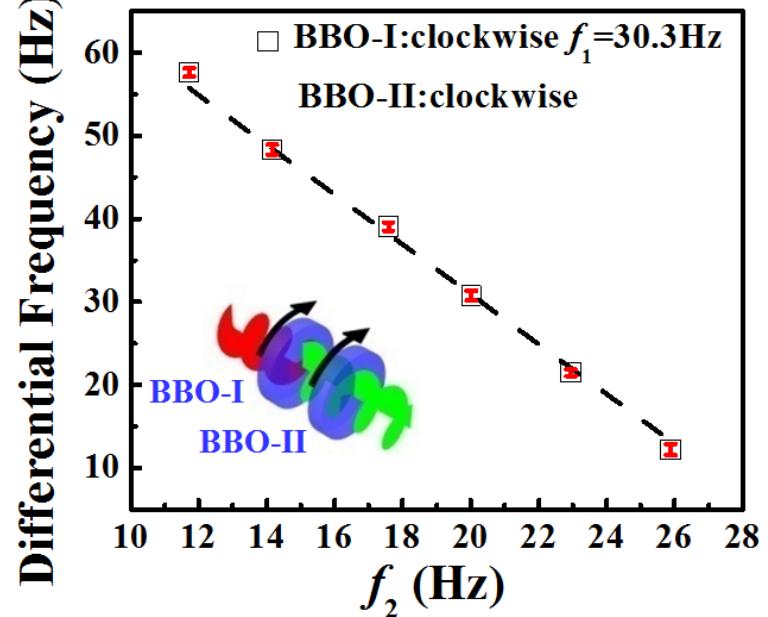
# Sum and Differential Frequencies

a



$$3f_1 + 3f_2$$

b



$$3f_1 - 3f_2$$

G. X. Li, T. Zentgraf, and S. Zhang, “Rotational Doppler Effect in Nonlinear Optics”, **Nat. Phys.** 12, 736-740 (2016).

# Nonlinear Phase in Space & Time Domains

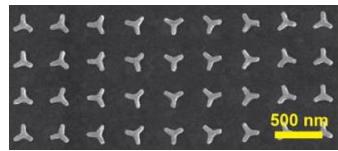
## Nonlinear Spin-Orbit Interaction

Gradient of orientation angle in space

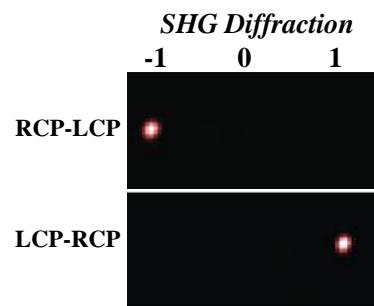
→ **Momentum deflection**



$$k_x = \pm 3 \frac{d\theta}{dx}$$



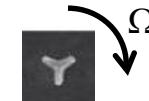
Spin dependent SHG deflection



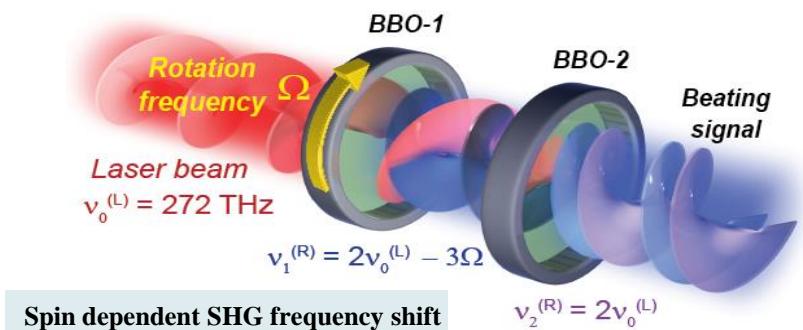
## Nonlinear Rotational Doppler Effect

Gradient of orientation angle in time

→ **Energy (frequency) shift**



$$\Delta\omega = 3 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \pm 3\Omega$$



Spin dependent SHG frequency shift

Li, G., Zhang, S. & Zentgraf, T. Nonlinear photonic metasurfaces. *Nat. Rev. Mater.* **2**, 17010 (2017).

# Thank You!

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